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Place, month year

Firstname Surname

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A preface is a book's preliminary statement, usually written by the *author or editor* of a work, which states its origin, scope, purpose, plan, and intended audience, and which sometimes includes afterthoughts and acknowledgments of assistance.

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Customarily acknowledgments are included as last part of the preface.

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**Keywords** Key1 · Key2 · Key 3

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Name of First Author

Name, Address of Institute, e-mail: name@email.address

Name of Second Author

Name, Address of Institute e-mail: name@email.address

# 2 Section Heading

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Use the standard equation environment to typeset your equations, e.g.

$$a \times b = c , \tag{1}$$

however, for multiline equations we recommend to use the align environment<sup>1</sup>.

$$\left|\nabla U_{\alpha}^{\mu}(y)\right| \le \frac{1}{d-\alpha} \int \left|\nabla \frac{1}{|\xi - y|^{d-\alpha}}\right| d\mu(\xi) = \int \frac{1}{|\xi - y|^{d-\alpha+1}} d\mu(\xi) \tag{2}$$

$$= (d - \alpha + 1) \int_{d(y)}^{\infty} \frac{\mu(B(y, r))}{r^{d - \alpha + 2}} dr \le (d - \alpha + 1) \int_{d(y)}^{\infty} \frac{r^{d - \alpha}}{r^{d - \alpha + 2}} dr$$
 (3)

# 2.1 Subsection Heading

Instead of simply listing headings of different levels we recommend to let every heading be followed by at least a short passage of text. Further on please use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-references and citations as has already been described in Sect. 2.

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#### 2.1.1 Subsubsection Heading

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Please note that the first line of text that follows a heading is not indented, whereas the first lines of all subsequent paragraphs are.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In physics texts please activate the class option vecphys to depict your vectors in *boldface-italic* type – as is customary for a wide range of physical subjects

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For typesetting numbered lists we recommend to use the enumerate environment – it will automatically rendered in line with the preferred layout.

- Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.
  - a. Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.
  - b. Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.
- Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.

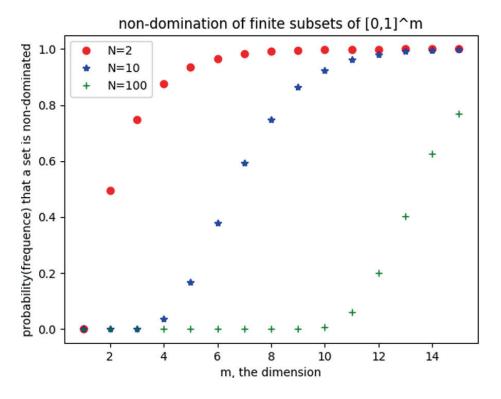
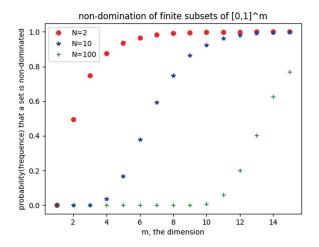


Fig. 1 Sample picture file

Fig. 2 If the width of the figure is less than 7.8 cm use the sidecaption command to flush the caption on the left side of the page. If the figure is positioned at the top of the page, align the sidecaption with the top of the figure – to achieve this you simply need to use the optional argument [t] with the sidecaption command



## Subparagraph Heading

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- Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development, cf. Table 1.
  - Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.
  - Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.
- Livelihood and survival mobility are oftentimes coutcomes of uneven socioeconomic development.

**Run-in Heading Boldface Version** Use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-references and citations as has already been described in Sect. 2.

**Run-in Heading Boldface and Italic Version** Use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-references and citations as has already been described in Sect. 2.

## **Run-in Heading Displayed Version**

Use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-references and citations as has already been described in Sect. 2.

Table 1 Please write your table caption here

Classes	Subclass	Length	Action Mechanism	-
Translation	mRNA <sup>a</sup>	22 (19–25)	Translation repression, mRNA cleavage	a
Translation	mRNA cleavage	21	mRNA cleavage	
Translation	mRNA	21–22	mRNA cleavage	
Translation	mRNA	24–26	Histone and DNA Modification	

Table foot note (with superscript)

# 3 Section Heading

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- Type 1 That addresses central themes pertaining to migration, health, and disease. In Sect. 1, Wilson discusses the role of human migration in infectious disease distributions and patterns.
- Type 2 That addresses central themes pertaining to migration, health, and disease. In Sect. 2.1, Wilson discusses the role of human migration in infectious disease distributions and patterns.

#### 3.1 Subsection Heading

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If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts we recommend to use the newly defined class option and environment svgraybox. This will produce a 15 percent screened box 'behind' your text.

## 3.1.1 Subsubsection Heading

Instead of simply listing headings of different levels we recommend to let every heading be followed by at least a short passage of text. Further on please use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-references and citations as has already been described in Sect. 2.

Please note that the first line of text that follows a heading is not indented, whereas the first lines of all subsequent paragraphs are.

**Theorem 0.1** Theorem text goes here.

**Definition 0.1** Definition text goes here.

Proof. Proof text goes here.

## Paragraph Heading

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**Definition 0.2** Definition text goes here.

Proof. Proof text goes here.

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```
\begin{trailer}{Trailer Head}
...
\end{trailer}
```

#### ? Questions

If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts in an Questions we recommend to use

```
\begin{questype}{Questions}
...
\end{questype}
```

# > Important

If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts in an Important we recommend to use

```
\begin{important}{Important}
...
\end{important}
```

# **!** Attention

If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts in an Attention we recommend to use

```
\begin{warning}{Attention}
...
\end{warning}
```

# **Program Code**

If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts in an Program Code we recommend to use

```
\begin{programcode}{Program Code}
\begin{verbatim}...\end{verbatim}
\end{programcode}
```

## Tips

If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts in an Tips we recommend to use

```
\begin{tips}{Tips}
...
\end{tips}
```

#### Overview

If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts in an Overview we recommend to use

```
\begin{overview}{Overview}
...
\end{overview}
```

#### **Background Information**

If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts in an Background Information we recommend to use

```
\begin{backgroundinformation}{Background Information}
...
\end{backgroundinformation}
```

## **Legal Text**

If you want to emphasize complete paragraphs of texts in an Legal Text we recommend to use

```
\begin{legaltext}{Legal Text}
...
\end{legaltext}
```

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# **Appendix**

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$$a \times b = c \tag{4}$$

# 4 Styling of References

References may be *cited* in the text either by number (preferred) or by author/year.<sup>3</sup> If the citation in the text is numbered, the reference list should be arranged in ascending order. If the citation in the text is author/year, the reference list should be *sorted* alphabetically and if there are several works by the same author, the following order should be used:

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- 2. all works by the author with a coauthor, ordered alphabetically by coauthor
- 3. all works by the author with several coauthors, ordered chronologically by year of publication.

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- The *two* recommended styles for references in books on *mathematical*, *physical*, *statistical and computer sciences* are depicted in [1, 2, 3, 4, 5] and [6, 7, 8, 9, 10].
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# Appendix A Chapter Heading

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# A.1 Section Heading

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# A.1.1 Subsection Heading

Instead of simply listing headings of different levels we recommend to let every heading be followed by at least a short passage of text. Furtheron please use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-references and citations as has already been described in Sect. A.1.

For multiline equations we recommend to use the align environment.

$$\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{c}$$

$$\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = \mathbf{c}$$
(A.1)

# A.1.1.1 Subsubsection Heading

Instead of simply listing headings of different levels we recommend to let every heading be followed by at least a short passage of text. Furtheron please use the LATEX automatism for all your cross-references and citations as has already been described in Sect. A.1.1.

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16 A Chapter Heading

**Fig. A.1** Please write your figure caption here

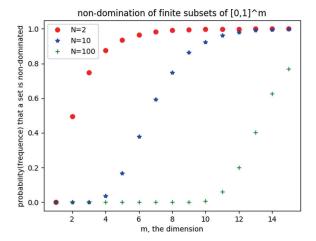


Table A.1 Please write your table caption here

Classes	Subclass	Length	Action Mechanism
Translation	mRNA <sup>a</sup>	22 (19–25)	Translation repression, mRNA cleavage
Translation	mRNA cleavage	21	mRNA cleavage
Translation	mRNA	21–22	mRNA cleavage
Translation	mRNA	24–26	Histone and DNA Modification

Table foot note (with superscript)

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